

Medications to Avoid Before Surgery, Procedure, and/or Injections

Even one dose can affect the body's ability to clot for 7 days. Also, avoid alcohol for 2-3 days prior to your surgery or procedure since that can impairs clotting and may also cause excessive bleeding and/or bruising.

Products containing aspirin should be discontinued 10-14 days prior to surgery. Please refer to the list below for other medications.

Alka-Seltzer®

Aspirin

Bayer®

Bufferin®

Butalbital

Ecotrin®

Excedrin®

Fiorinal®

Midol®

Pepto-Bismol®

Percodan®

St. Joseph Products

Non Steroidal Anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDS) have a shorter effect and should be discontinued 24-48 hours prior to procedure.

Ibuprofen (Motrin®, Advil®, Nuprin®, Rufen®)

Diclofenac (Voltaren®, Cataflam®)

Etodolac (Lodine®)

Indomethacin (Indocin®)

Ketorlac (Toradol®)

Meloxican (Mobic®)

Midol®

Nabumeton (Relafen®)

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Naproxen (Naprosyn®, Naprelan®, Aleve®)

Nyquil®/Dayquil®

Persantine®

Pletal®

Sulindac (Clinoril®)

Prescription blood thinners - Ask your physician's permission to stop

Coumadin

Heparin

Plavix®

Supplements and Herbals to avoid 10-14 days prior to procedure:

Birch bark

Cavenne

Chinese black tree fungus

Cumin

Danshen

Ephedra/Ephedrine

Evening Primrose Oil

Feverfew

Garlic

Ginger

Gingko Biloba

Goldenseal

Grapeseed Extract

Kava

Ma Huang

Milk Thistle

Onion Extract

St. John's Wort

Turmeric

Vitamin E (less than 400 IU daily is ok)

Green Tea